1000/2 10022 Keith A. Fink, SBN 146841 1 Olaf J. Muller, SBN 247372 FINK & STEINBERG 2 11500 Olympic Boulevard, Suite 316 Superior Court of California 3 Los Angeles, California 90064 County of Los Angeles Telephone: (310) 268-0780 APR 13 2015 4 Facsimile: (310) 268-0790 Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs By Cristina Ginalia Deputy HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC., Cristina Grijalva INTERNATIONAL IMPLANTS, LLC 6 and MICHAEL D. DROBOT 7 Hark V. Mooner SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 LOS ANGELES COUNTY - CENTRAL DISTRICT BC 5 7 8 4 8 4 HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC., a 10 CASE NO. California corporation; INTERNATIONAL 11 IMPLANTS, LLC, a California limited PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT liability corporation; and MICHAEL D. FOR: 12 DROBOT, an individual, WRONGFUL USE OF CIVIL 1. 13 Plaintiffs, PROCEEDINGS [MALICIOUS PROSECUTION] 14 VS. [JURY TRIAL DEMANDED] 15 ARTHUR GOLIA, an individual; MARY BRAVO, an individual; DERIKA MOSES, an 16 individual; YVETTE ARROYO, an individual; STACY AVERHART, an individual; LINDA CAHILL, an individual; 17 RONALD CICHY, an individual; KIM COSLETT, an individual; MARK DAIL, an 18 individual; JO ELIZABETH DIXON, an individual; ROSE DURON, an individual; 19 (3) ZETTIE EPPS, an individual; JAMIE 20 ESPINOZA, an individual; GISELA FABILA, an individual; JOHN GONZALES, 21 an individual; ROSE GUTKOWSKI, an LEA/DEF# (\mathcal{A}) individual; KATHLEEN ANN HEATH, an 22 individual; JOANNA LORTON, an h.) individual; PATRICIA MARCIEL, an individual; REHTA MASHTALIER-<u>.</u> 23 SCOTT, an individual; SHAWN MCALONAN, an individual; COLEEN 24 UП 25 26 27 PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAIN

| . | ACTIVA |
|-------------|---|
| 1 | MEJIA, an individual; AVA PERRY, an individual; GARY PHILIPS, an individual; |
| 2 | LAURA PLESCIA, an individual; |
| _ | MATTHEW TOPPEL, an individual; |
| 3 | CARMEN YOLANDA VARGAS, an |
| 4 | individual; RICHARD VENTIMIGLIA, an individual; PHILLIP WILLIAMS, an |
| 7 | individual; JOHN WILSON, an individual; |
| 5 | BRIAN S. KABATECK, an individual; |
| | KABATECK BROWN KELLNER, LLP, a |
| 6 | California limited liability partnership; |
| 7 | ROBERT B. HUTCHINSON, an individual; COTCHETT PITRE & McCARTHY, LLP, |
| с . | a California limited liability partnership; |
| 8 | KNOX RICKSEN, LLP, a California limited |
| | liability partnership; FRANK M. PITRE, an |
| 9 | individual; ALEXANDRA A. HAMILTON, an individual; JOANNA W. LICALSI, an |
| 10 | individual; ERIC J. DANOWITZ, an |
| | individual; MAISIE C. SOKOLOVE, an |
| 11 | individual; JOSEPH M. BARRETT, an |
| 12 | individual; LINA MELIDONIAN, an individual; RICHARD A. DICORRADO, an |
| 12 | individual; BENJAMIN S. HAKIMFAR, an |
| 13 | individual; and DOES 1 to 50, inclusive, |
| 14 | Defendants. |
| 14 | Detendants. |
| 15 | |
| 16 | COME NOW PLAINTIFFS HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC., INTERNATIONAL |
| 10 | COME NOW TEAUVIN'TS THEAETTISMAKT TACHTC, INC., INTERNATIONAL |
| 17 | IMPLANTS, LLC, and MICHAEL D. DROBOT and hereby allege as follows: |
| 18 | <u>PARTIES</u> |
| ⊕ 19 | 1. Plaintiff HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC. ("Plaintiff" and/or "Healthsmart") is |
| 20 | a California corporation that does business in Orange County, California. |
| 21 | 2. Plaintiff MICHAEL D. DROBOT ("Plaintiff" and/or "Drobot") is, and at all |
| ` > 22 | times relevant hereto was, an individual residing in Orange County, California. |
| ⊕ 23 | 3. Plaintiff INTERNATIONAL IMPLANTS, LLC ("Plaintiff" and/or "I2") is a |
| ⊬ ∪ 24 · | California limited liability corporation that does business in Orange County, California. |
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| | I LAINTIFFS VERIFIED COMPLAINT |

12.

| | 29. | Defendant | MATTHEW | TOPPEL | ("Defendant" | and/or | "Non-Patient |
|-------|----------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Defer | ndant" a | and/or "Topp | oel") is and at all | times releva | nt hereto was an | individual | residing in San |
| Berna | ırdino C | County, Califor | rnia. | | | | |

- 30. Defendant CARMEN YOLANDA VARGAS ("Defendant" and/or "Non-Patient Defendant" and/or "Vargas") is and at all times relevant hereto was an individual residing in San Bernardino County, California.
- 31. Defendant RICHARD VENTIMIGLIA ("Defendant" and/or "Non-Patient Defendant" and/or "Ventimiglia") is and at all times relevant hereto was an individual residing in San Bernardino County, California.
- 32. Defendant PHILLIP WILLIAMS ("Defendant" and/or "Non-Patient Defendant" and/or "Williams") is and at all times relevant hereto was an individual residing in Riverside County, California.
- 33. Defendant JOHN WILSON ("Defendant" and/or "Non-Patient Defendant" and/or "Wilson") is and at all times relevant hereto was an individual residing in Riverside County, California.
- 34. Defendant BRIAN S. KABATECK ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Kabateck") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 35. Defendant KABATECK BROWN KELLNER, LLP ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "KBK") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a California limited liability partnership doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California.
- 36. Defendant ROBERT B. HUTCHINSON ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Hutchinson") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.

| | 37. | Defendar | nt COTO | CHETT | PITRE | & M | cCAR7 | THY, L | LP ("D | efendant | anc | d/or |
|--------|----------|---------------|-----------|----------|------------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|--------|------|
| "Att | orney | Defendant" | and/or | "CPM") | is, and | at al | l times | relevar | it hereto | was, a | Califo | rnia |
| limite | ed liabi | lity partners | hip doing | substant | ial busine | ess in | Los Ar | ngeles C | ounty, Ca | alifornia. | | |

- 38. Defendant KNOX RICKSEN, LLP ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "KR") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, a California limited liability partnership doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California.
- 39. Defendant FRANK M. PITRE ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Pitre") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 40. Defendant ALEXANDRA A. HAMILTON ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Hamilton") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 41. Defendant JOANNA W. LICALSI ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "LiCalsi") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 42. Defendant ERIC J. DANOWITZ ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Danowitz") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 43. Defendant MAISIE C. SOKOLOVE ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Sokolove") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.

- 44. Defendant JOSEPH M. BARRETT ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Barrett") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 45. Defendant LINA MELIDONIAN ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Melidonian") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 46. Defendant RICHARD A. DICORRADO ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "DiCorrado") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 47. Defendant BENJAMIN S. HAKIMFAR ("Defendant" and/or "Attorney Defendant" and/or "Hakimfar") is, and at all times relevant hereto was, an individual doing substantial business in Los Angeles County, California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendant resides in Los Angeles County, California.
- 48. Plaintiffs are unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 to 50, inclusive ("the Doe Defendants"), and therefore sue said Doe Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs will seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to show the true names and capacities of such Doe Defendants when the same has been ascertained. Plaintiffs are informed, believe, and thereupon allege that each of the fictitiously-named Defendants is responsible to Plaintiffs for the injuries suffered and alleged herein, and/or is subject to the jurisdiction of the Court as necessary party for the relief herein requested.
- 49. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants Golia, Bravo, Moses, Arroyo, Averhart, Cahill, Cichy, Coslett, Dail, Dixon, Duron, Epps, Espinoza, Fabila, Gonzales,

| | 1 | Gutkowski, Heath, Lorton, Marciel, Mashtaller-Scott, McAlonan, Mejia, Perry, Philips, Plescia, |
|------------|----|---|
| | 2 | Toppel, Vargas, Ventimiglia, Williams, Wilson, Kabateck, KBK, Hutchinson, CPM, KR, Pitre, |
| | 3 | Hamilton, LiCalsi, Danowitz, Sokolove, Barrett, Melidonian, DiCorrado, Hakimfar, and each of |
| | 4 | the Doe Defendants (collectively "Defendants") are now, and were at all times mentioned herein, |
| | 5 | the agents, principals, partners, joint venturers, employees and/or alter-egos of the other |
| | 6 | Defendants, and that all of the acts and conduct alleged herein were performed within the course |
| | 7 | and scope and in furtherance of such agency, partnership, joint venture, employment and/or alter- |
| | 8 | ego relationship. |
| | 9 | 50. Jurisdiction and venue are proper in this Court because the wrongful acts and |
| | 10 | omissions alleged occurred in the County of Los Angeles, the harm suffered by Plaintiffs occurred |
| | 11 | in the County of Los Angeles, and several of the aforementioned Defendants are and at all times |
| | 12 | relevant herein were doing substantial business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. |
| | 13 | FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION |
| | 14 | WRONGFUL USE OF CIVIL PROCEEDINGS |
| | 15 | [MALICIOUS PROSECUTION] |
| | 16 | (By Plaintiffs against All Defendants and Does 1-50) |
| | 17 | 51. Plaintiffs re-allege, and incorporate herein by reference paragraphs 1 through 50, |
| | 18 | inclusive, as though fully set forth herein. |
| <u>;</u>) | 19 | |
| <u></u> | 20 | Over the Past Twenty Years, Pacific Hospital of Long Beach Has Distinguished Itself as a Top-Notch Spinal Surgery Center. |
| e D | 21 | |
| ب | 22 | 52. Plaintiff Drobot has owned and operated Plaintiff Healthsmart for approximately |
| D ÷ | 23 | twenty (20) years. For approximately the same period of time through the end of October 2013, |
| Л | 24 | Plaintiff Healthsmart itself owned and operated Pacific Hospital of Long Beach ("PHLB"), an |
| | 25 | acute care facility located in Long Beach, California. Healthsmart sold PHLB to College Health |
| | 26 | Enterprises, Inc. in or around October 2013. |
| | 27 | |

53.

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- On or around October 20, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-59. Patient Defendant Averhart underwent surgery at Riverside CH. 60. On or around June 2, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Cahill underwent surgery at Riverside CH.
- 61. On or around February 22, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Cichy underwent surgery at Riverside CH.
- 62. On or around October 25, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Coslett underwent surgery at Tricity. She subsequently underwent a second surgical procedure in 2012 at Riverside CH.
- On or around October 4, 2004, December 4, 2006, and in 2012, Plaintiffs are 63. informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Dail underwent surgery at Riverside CH.
- 64. On or around May 21, 2007, August 4, 2008, and October 17, 2011, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Dixon underwent several surgical procedures at Riverside CH.
- 65. On or around October 24, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Duron underwent surgery at Tricity. She subsequently underwent a second surgical procedure on or around July 16, 2012 at Riverside CH.
- 66. On or around August 8, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Epps underwent surgery at Tri-City. She subsequently underwent a surgical procedure at Plaintiff PHLB that did not involve the insertion of spinal hardware on July 4, 2012.
- 67. On or around July 19, 2004, and February 19, 2007, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Espinoza underwent two surgical procedures at Riverside CH.
- 68. On or around February 25, 2008, and again in August 2009, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Fabila underwent surgical procedures at Riverside CH.
- 69. On or around January 5, 2007, and May 19, 2008, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Non-Patient Defendant Gonzales underwent two surgical procedures at Riverside CH.

materials into his spine and back. Golia further alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above causes of action via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories.

- Attorney Defendants, filed a lawsuit via a near identically worded Complaint against Plaintiffs in Los Angeles Superior Court, LASC Case No. BC555356 (another of the Non-Patient Lawsuits). She alleged the same basic facts and the same causes of action against Plaintiffs and other named parties (making reference to her particular medical treatment received, of course). Like Golia, Defendant Bravo alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above causes of action via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories.
- 88. On or around August 22, 2014, Defendant Moses, acting by and through the Attorney Defendants, filed a lawsuit via a near identically worded Complaint against Plaintiffs in Los Angeles Superior Court, LASC Case No. BC555628 (another of the Non-Patient Lawsuits). She alleged the same basic facts and the same causes of action (making reference to her particular medical treatment received, of course) against Plaintiffs and other named parties. Like Golia and Bravo before her, Defendant Moses alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories.
- 89. On or around October 17, 2014, sixteen (16) more Non-Patient Defendants, acting by and through the Attorney Defendants, initiated sixteen more Non-Patient Lawsuits via near identically worded Complaints filed against Plaintiffs in Los Angeles Superior Court, specifically Non-Patient Defendants Arroyo (LASC Case No. BC561086), Averhart (LASC Case No. BC561087), Cahill (LASC Case No. BC561049), Cichy (LASC Case No. BC561084), Coslett (LASC Case No. BC561050), Dail (LASC Case No. BC560992), Dixon (LASC Case No. BC560993), Duron (LASC Case No. BC560900), Espinoza (LASC Case No. BC561092), Fabila (LASC Case No. BC560899), Gonzalez (LASC Case No. BC561094), Gutkowski (LASC Case No. BC560901), Heath (LASC Case No. BC561091), Lorton (LASC Case No. BC561090), Marciel (LASC Case No. BC560898), and Perry (LASC Case No. BC561085). Each of these Non-Patient

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Defendants alleged the same basic facts and the same causes of action against Plaintiffs and other named parties as the aforementioned Non-Patient Defendants (making reference to each one's particular medical treatment received, of course). Like the previously mentioned Non-Patient Defendants who had already filed suit, each of these Non-Patient Defendants alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above causes of action via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories.

- 90. On or around October 20, 2014, ten (10) more Non-Patient Defendants, acting by and through the Attorney Defendants, initiated ten more Non-Patient Lawsuits via near identically worded Complaints filed against Plaintiffs in Los Angeles Superior Court, specifically Non-Patient Defendants McAlonan (LASC Case No. BC561194), Mejia (LASC Case No. BC561195), Philips (LASC Case No. BC561196), Plescia (LASC Case No. BC561188), Scott (LASC Case No. BC561190), Toppel (LASC Case No. BC561189), Vargas (LASC Case No. BC561192), Ventimiglia (LASC Case No. BC561191), Williams (LASC Case No. BC561197), and Wilson (LASC Case No. BC561193). Each of these Non-Patient Defendants alleged the same basic facts and the same causes of action against Plaintiffs and other named parties as the aforementioned Non-Patient Defendants (making reference to each one's particular medical treatment received, of course). Like the previously mentioned Non-Patient Defendants who had already filed suit, each of these Non-Patient Defendants alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above causes of action via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories.
- 91. The Attorney Defendants filed and publicized their lawsuits to obtain the maximum press coverage of the same. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the Attorney Defendants purposely filed each of the aforementioned thirty (30) complaints separately rather than file one large complaint so that they could tell press that they had filed thirty such lawsuits rather than simply one (1). Attorney Defendants then moved to relate all cases together so that they could litigate them together as if they had filed a single complaint originally (which they could have completely avoided by simply filing a single complaint). Before and after the aforementioned

complaint filings, Attorney Defendants trumpeted these complaint filings through the press and on their respective websites.

- The Attorney Defendants drafted, filed, and publicized these lawsuits to obtain the maximum negative press coverage towards Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs Drobot, PHLB, and I2 were named as the "lead" defendants in each and every one of the aforementioned thirty (30) Complaints. Each one of the aforementioned complaints started with an "overview" of Plaintiff Drobot's wholly unrelated plea deal wherein Drobot pled no contest to paying doctors to refer patients to PHLB in violation of federal anti-kickback statutes.
- 93. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that both Attorney Defendants and the Non-Patient Defendants knew that they had no cognizable claims against Plaintiffs but decided to sue Plaintiffs anyway to extort hefty settlement sums from them, which Defendants could use to fund the remainder of their lawsuits against the other named defendants. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Attorney Defendants specifically discussed this strategy with each of the Non-Patient Defendants.
- 94. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that that Attorney Defendants specifically recommended suing Plaintiffs even though none of the Non-Patient Defendants received any medical treatment or spinal parts from Plaintiffs and even though Plaintiffs received no financial gain in the form of insurance payments or other money payments for the same. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the Non-Patient Defendants knowingly and intentionally decided to sue Plaintiffs even though none of the Non-Patient Defendants received any medical treatment or spinal parts from Plaintiffs and even though Plaintiffs received no financial gain in the form of insurance payments or other money payments for the same. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that the Attorney Defendants and Non-Patient Defendants communicated verbally and in writing regarding the fact that the Non-Patient Defendants had no cognizable claims to bring against Plaintiffs but decided to do so anyway.

| 95. In the subsequent months, Non-Patient Defendants, acting by and through the |
|---|
| Attorney Defendants, filed amended versions of their Complaints. In these amended versions, |
| Defendants collectively whittled down the number of causes of action each Non-Patient Defendant |
| asserted against Plaintiffs to eight (8) total: 1) Battery, 2) Fraud - Concealment, 3) Fraud - |
| Intentional Misrepresentation, 4) Breach of Fiduciary Duty, 5) Strict Products Liability, 6) Breach |
| of Implied Warranty, 7) Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, and 8) Negligence. Each of |
| these Non-Patient Defendants alleged that Plaintiffs engaged in the above causes of action directly |
| and via conspiracy and aiding-and-abetting theories. |

- 96. The Non-Patient Defendants, acting by and through the Attorney Defendants, filed the aforementioned, near identically-worded Non-Patient Lawsuits against Plaintiffs even though they knew and/or should have known the following facts, many of which Defendants collectively alleged and judicially admitted the following within their own Complaints:
 - a. Plaintiffs did *not* provide the allegedly deficient medical treatment to the Non-Patient Defendants, upon which treatment each and every claim in the Non-Patient Lawsuits was premised;
 - b. Plaintiffs had no financial interest in the medical treatment received by Non-Patient Defendants;
 - c. Plaintiffs did not provide the allegedly deficient medical parts used as part of the medical treatment underwent by the Non-Patient Defendants, upon which each and every claim in the Non-Patient Lawsuits was premised;
 - d. Plaintiffs had no financial interest in the medical parts received by Non-Patient Defendants;
 - e. Plaintiffs did *not* and could *not* know *nor* have "access to knowledge of the true source and/or FDA status of" the allegedly deficient medical

| | 1 | parts used during Non-Patient Defendants' underlying medical | | | | | |
|--------------|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2 | treatment; | | | | | |
| | 3 | f. The Non-Patient Defendants (and implicitly Attorney Defendants who | | | | | |
| | 4 | drafted their underlying complaints) themselves did not and could not | | | | | |
| | 5 | know nor reasonably conclude that the medical parts surgically | | | | | |
| | 6 | inserted into their bodies were deficient because these parts had not | | | | | |
| | 7 | been removed from the Non-Patient Defendants' bodies for | | | | | |
| | 8 | examination and testing; | | | | | |
| | 9 | and | | | | | |
| | 10 | g. There was no connection between Drobot's 2014 no contest plea to | | | | | |
| | 11 | violating federal anti-kickback statutes and the medical treatment | | | | | |
| | 12 | received by the Non-Patient Defendants at various facilities other than | | | | | |
| | 13 | PHLB. Put simply, Drobot's plea deal in no way "proved" or tend to | | | | | |
| | 14 | "proved" the truth of the claims asserted by the Non-Patient | | | | | |
| | 15 | Defendants in the Non-Patient Lawsuits. | | | | | |
| | 16 | | | | | | |
| | 17 | Defendants Admitted In Their Own Complaints That They DID NOT And COULD NOT | | | | | |
| | 18 | KNOW Whether the Surgically Inserted Spinal Parts Were Counterfeit or Harmful. | | | | | |
| 0 | 19 | 97. On the last point above, each of the Non-Patient Defendants specifically alleged | | | | | |
| | 20 | that each "suffer[ed] from having foreign objects in his/her spine, the origin or province of which | | | | | |
| (J) | 21 | cannot be identified and the safety and efficacy of which cannot be measured" (emphasis added). See | | | | | |
| · | 22 | e.g., Duron Complaint at ¶ 115. In other words, Defendants admitted in their own Complaints based | | | | | |
| (D) | 23 | on the wrongful and harmful insertion of counterfeit screws that Defendants had no idea whether | | | | | |
| Г | 24 | (a) counterfeit screws actually had been inserted into their spines and (b) whether the parts | | | | | |
| | 25 | inserted into their spines were safe or not. | | | | | |
| | 26 | | | | | | |
| | 27 | -18- PLAINTIEES' VERIEIED COMPLAINT | | | | | |

98. A number of the Non-Patient Defendants further alleged that they themselves had no way of knowing (let alone reasonably concluding) that the medical parts surgically inserted into their spines and backs were deficient because they had not been removed for examination and testing, which removal the Non-Patient Defendants alleged would be potentially life-threatening.

Defendants Refused to Voluntarily Dismiss Plaintiffs From the Non-Patient Lawsuits, Despite Plaintiffs' and Other Similarly-Situated Parties' Repeated Demands.

- 99. Plaintiffs immediately hired counsel Fred Borges and Susan Garbutt from the Law Offices of Brobeck, West, Borges, Rosa & Douville, LLP to serve as defense counsel in these thirty (30) Non-Patient Lawsuits. Plaintiffs additionally relied on the assistance of their general counsel Teree Bowers of Arent Fox, LLP in the defense against these actions.
- 100. Plaintiffs' counsel immediately and repeatedly contacted the Attorney Defendants verbally and in writing, explained that the Non-Patient Defendants' claims had zero factual or legal merit as against Plaintiffs, and demanded that these claims be dismissed. Defendants alternately ignored Plaintiffs' counsel's communications and/or expressly refused to dismiss the aforementioned claims. At one point, Plaintiffs' counsel planned a meeting in or around July 2014 with Attorney Defendants to personally go over these points. This meeting was cancelled after Defendants filed the first two of their subsequent thirty-two (32) lawsuits.
- 101. All of the Non-Patient Defendants and Attorney Defendants similarly named another medical provider ST. BERNARDINE MEDICAL CENTER ("St. Bernardine") of San Bernardino, California as a defendant in the same underlying Non-Patient Lawsuits, even though the Non-Patient Defendants admittedly received no medical treatment whatsoever from St. Bernardine and even though their claims against St. Bernardine were similarly deficient.
- 102. After St. Bernardine's defense counsel repeatedly wrote Attorney Defendants demanding the immediate dismissal of their claims against the facility and explaining some of the fatal flaws with the Non-Patient Lawsuits, Attorney Defendants responded in writing. Attorney

Defendants expressly refused to dismiss the aforementioned claims and made clear that they would never voluntarily dismiss St. Bernardine or Plaintiffs PHLB, I2, or Drobot from these actions. Attorney Defendants even threatened to seek sanctions against St. Bernardine and its counsel should they themselves seek issuance of sanctions against Attorney Defendants. Among other things, Attorney Defendants wrote that counsel's demands were "inconsequential, not to mention unprofessional and an affront to the patient safety issues at hand."

103. More specifically, the Attorney Defendants wrote that the underlying claims against St. Bernardine (identical in nature and substance to those against Plaintiffs) were "warranted under well settled law," and they wrote that defense counsel's demands for dismissal were "a perfect example of putting the cart before the horse," i.e. the parties should first needlessly spend thousands upon thousands of dollars to conduct discovery into Defendants' meritless claims before they would consider dismissing them voluntarily. The Attorney Defendants wrote that defense counsel "misinterpret[ed] the requirements for pleading conspiracy" and "aider and abettor" theory. The Attorney Defendants argued that their conspiracy theories of liability still had merit notwithstanding the fact that "St. Bernardine [and Plaintiffs by implication] did not know about the specific use of counterfeit medical hardware...."

104. Attorney Defendants specifically argued that St. Bernardine was liable under their legal theories because they were "linked" to Plaintiff Drobot, who himself was liable to Non-Patient Defendants under these same legal theories. According to the Attorney Defendants, Plaintiff Drobot himself was liable to the Non-Patient Defendants in the Non-Patient Lawsuits because he entered into a criminal plea agreement which "detail[ed] the same transactions and fraudulent conduct that [Non-Patient Defendants] allege in this civil proceeding."

In February 2015, Three (3) of the Non-Patient Lawsuits Were Dismissed Against Plaintiffs By the Los Angeles Superior Court Without Leave to Amend.

105. The Non-Patient Defendants collectively filed several Notices of Related Cases, all of which were granted shortly thereafter. All of the aforementioned Non-Patient Lawsuits were

PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT

| | 1 | | c. | Plaintiffs had no financial interest in the medical treatment |
|--------------------------------|----|---------------|----------|--|
| | 2 | | | received by Golia, Bravo, and Moses, again directly undercutting |
| | 3 | | | any conspiracy or aiding-and-abetting theory; |
| | 4 | | | and |
| | 5 | | d. | Plaintiffs did not and could not know that any of the parts used |
| | 6 | | | during Non-Patient Defendants Golia, Bravo, and Moses's |
| | 7 | | | underlying medical treatment were deficient in any way as they |
| | 8 | | | alleged. |
| | 9 | 109. | On or | around February 20, 2015, the Court heard and sustained the first three (3) of |
| | 10 | several round | s of De | murrers and Motions to Strike filed by Plaintiffs targeting each of the Non- |
| | 11 | Patient Defen | idants' | operative Complaints. During the hearing, the Court made a number of |
| | 12 | comments exp | olaining | its rulings, including the following: |
| | 13 | | a. | The Court rhetorically attacked Defendants for suing Plaintiffs for |
| | 14 | | | medical treatment and parts received from other parties: "How |
| | 15 | | | can the demurring defendants defraud an insurance company for a |
| | 16 | | | surgery they did not bill for? A surgery that did not occur at their |
| | 17 | | | facility?" |
| | 18 | | b. | The Court expressly held that the Attorney Defendants |
| Ð | 19 | | | "misapplied" the law in their complaints and "senselessly grafted |
| [] -c., | 20 | | | the wrong conspiracy [law] here" |
| جب (بر) | 21 | | c. | The Court held that Defendants did not allege facts sufficient to |
| ٠٠ _٠ ٠ میا | 22 | | | proceed with these "conspiracy" and related claims: "the plaintiffs |
| (<u>)</u> | 23 | | | are bereft of any allegations that the demurring hospitals share a |
| ŲΊ | 24 | | | common plan or agreed to perpetrate a battery, fraud, breach of |
| | 25 | | | fiduciary duty, or infliction of emotion distress on surgical patients |
| | 26 | | | at other hospitals.'' |
| | 27 | | | -22- |

PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT

| | 1 | and |
|----------|----|--|
| | 2 | d. The Court further held that it was impossible for Defendants to |
| | 3 | correct the aforementioned fatal flaws with their complaints and |
| | 4 | allege any such "conspiracy" or aiding-and-abetting claims given |
| | 5 | other self-defeating facts alleged in their complaints. |
| | 6 | |
| | 7 | Following the Court's February 2015 Ruling, Defendants "Voluntarily" Dismissed Twenty-Seven (27) Additional Non-Patient Lawsuits Against Plaintiffs. |
| | 8 | 110. Following this ruling, Defendants collectively filed several dozen Notices of |
| | 9 | Dismissal dismissing Plaintiffs with prejudice from the aforementioned Non-Patient Lawsuits. |
| | 11 | Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Attorney Defendants contacted each of the Non-Patient |
| | 12 | Defendants following this February 2015 ruling, informed them that their previously-agreed-upon |
| | 13 | strategy of extorting settlement funds from Plaintiffs had failed, and obtained their approval to |
| | 13 | dismiss Plaintiffs from these actions with prejudice. |
| | 15 | |
| | 16 | Defendants Should Never Have Sued Plaintiffs In their Non-Patient Lawsuits In the First Place. |
| | 17 | 111. No reasonable person in Non-Patient Defendants' or Attorney Defendants' |
| | 18 | circumstances would have believed that Plaintiffs and/or each of them could be held liable for any |
| | 19 | of the claims asserted against Plaintiffs in the aforementioned thirty Non-Patient Lawsuits. |
| () (4 | 20 | Plaintiffs provided no medical treatment or medical parts to the Non-Patient Defendants. Plaintiffs |
| | 21 | admittedly had no financial interest in the treatment and/or medical parts provided to these Non- |
| (y) ~ | 22 | Patient Defendants. Plaintiffs had no knowledge, nor did they have "access to knowledge" of the |
| (J | 23 | true source and nature of the allegedly deficient medical parts provided to the Non-Patient |
| ښيا | 24 | Defendants by their aforementioned medical providers, nor could they under a slate of patient |
| ŲΊ | 25 | privacy rules and regulations. Plaintiff Drobot did not plead no contest to any criminal charges that |
| | 26 | detail[ed] the "same" transactions and fraudulent conduct that [Non-Patient Defendants] alleged, |
| | 27 | |
| | | PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT |

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nor would any reasonable person - lawyer or not - so conclude after reading the publicly-filed plea agreement and related publicly-filed papers. Perhaps most importantly, Non-Patient Defendants could not reasonably conclude that counterfeit, non-sterilized, and/or deficient parts were installed into their spines if they simultaneously admitted to never having these parts removed, examined, and tested by qualified physicians and/or medical providers to that end.

- 112. Non-Patient Defendants and Attorney Defendants acted primarily for a purpose other than succeeding on the merits of Non-Patient Defendants' claims against Plaintiffs. Defendants maintained these thirty (30) actions solely to harass Plaintiffs and to force a settlement which had no relation to the merits of the underlying claims.
- 113. As experienced and sophisticated attorneys, the Attorney Defendants admittedly read and understood the publicly-filed and detail-filled criminal charges filed against Plaintiff Drobot and his no contest plea to the same (which they attached to as exhibits to the Non-Patient Complaints and which they referenced at length in the complaint allegations). As such, both the Attorney Defendants and their clients - the Non-Patient Defendants - knew for a fact that (a) Plaintiff Drobot was not criminally charged in any fashion for any participation in any counterfeit screw scheme; (b) Drobot was not criminally charged in any fashion for any use of "prostitutes" as bribes, not in connection with a counterfeit screw scheme or otherwise (as alleged in each Non-Patient lawsuit); (c) Drobot was not criminally charged for providing less than the required standard of medical care to PHLB patients; and (d) in no way did Drobot's criminal charges evidence or suggest that Plaintiffs had participated in any "counterfeit screw" conspiracy as Defendants alleged in the Non-Patient Lawsuits.
- 114. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered substantial financial loss and loss of reputation in an amount to be determined at trial according to proof. Defendants' actions were a substantial factor in causing this harm to Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs' financial losses include but are not limited to more than \$100,000 in attorneys' fees and costs incurred in defending themselves in Defendants' thirty wholly meritless actions.

| 115. As a direct and proximate result of the above-described defamatory statements, |
|---|
| Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer loss of their personal and professional |
| reputations, and for Plaintiff Drobot in particular - shame, mortification, and emotional distress, all |
| to their general damage, but which Plaintiffs are informed and believe will exceed \$1,000,000 per |
| Non-Patient Lawsuit (\$30,000,000 total), plus interest accrued and growing. |

116. In engaging in the acts set forth above, Defendants and each of them acted with willfulness, oppression, fraud, and/or malice within the meaning of *Civil Code § 3294*. As such, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover exemplary and punitive damages in an amount according to proof at trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC., INTERNATIONAL IMPLANTS, LLC, and MICHAEL D. DROBOT pray for judgment against Defendants ARTHUR GOLIA, MARY BRAVO, DERIKA MOSES, YVETTE ARROYO, STACY AVERHART, LINDA CAHILL, RONALD CICHY, KIM COSLETT, MARK DAIL, JO ELIZABETH DIXON, ROSE DURON, ZETTIE EPPS, JAMIE ESPINOZA, GISELA FABILA, JOHN GONZALES, ROSE GUTKOWSKI, KATHLEEN ANN HEATH, JOANNA LORTON, PATRICIA MARCIEL, REHTA MASHTALIER-SCOTT, SHAWN MCALONAN, COLEEN MEJIA, AVA PERRY, GARY PHILIPS, LAURA PLESCIA, MATTHEW TOPPEL, CARMEN YOLANDA VARGAS, RICHARD VENTIMIGLIA, PHILLIP WILLIAMS, JOHN WILSON, BRIAN KABATECK, KABATECK BROWN KELLNER, LLP, ROBERT B. HUTCHINSON, COTCHETT PITRE & McCARTHY, LLP, KNOX RICKSEN, LLP, FRANK M. PITRE, ALEXANDRA A. HAMILTON, JOANNA W. LICALSI, ERIC J. DANOWITZ, MAISIE C. SOKOLOVE, JOSEPH M. BARRETT, LINA MELIDONIAN, RICHARD A. DICORRADO, BENJAMIN S. HAKIMFAR, and Does 1 through 50 as follows:

1. For general and compensatory damages, including prejudgment interest, in accordance with proof at the time of trial, in the minimum amount of \$30,000,000;

| 1 | 2. | For punitive damages, where permitted, to be determined at trial, in the minimum |
|---|--------------|---|
| 2 | | amount of \$10,000,000; |
| 3 | 3. | For Plaintiffs' costs and attorneys' fees, where permitted; |
| 4 | | and |
| 5 | 4. | For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. |
| 6 | Dated: April | 13, 2015 FINK & STEINBERG |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | | By: Keith A. Fink |
| 9 | | Olaf J. Muller Attorneys for Plaintiffs HEALTHSMART BACKER, INC. |
| 10 | | HEALTHSMART PACIFIC, INC., INTERNATIONAL IMPLANTS, LLC, And MICHAEL D. DROBOT |
| 11 | | Alla MICHAEL D. DROBOT |
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| | | PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT |

1 VERIFICATION FOR COMPLAINT 2 I, Michael D. Drobot, hereby do declare as follows: I am PLAINTIFF MICHAEL D. DROBOT. I am an owner and authorized 3 1. 4 representative PLAINTIFF **HEALTHSMART** PACIFIC. INC. **PLAINTIFF** and INTERNATIONAL IMPLANTS, LLC. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated in this 5 declaration and if called as a witness to testify regarding the same, could and would do so 6 competently under oath. I have reviewed the foregoing Complaint. The matters stated in the foregoing 8 2. Complaint are true of my own knowledge except as to those matters that are stated on information 10 and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true and correct. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing 11 12 is true and correct. Executed this 13th day of April 2015 at Newport Beach, California 13 14 By: 15 Michael D. Drobot, individually and on behalf of 16 Healthsmart Pacific, Inc. and International Implants, LLC 17 18 ① 19 20 _(J) 21 **J** 22 ⊕₂₃ ^{U1}24 25 26

PLAINTIFFS' VERIFIED COMPLAINT

NOTICE Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result

• File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.

• If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.

other parties to the action or proceeding.

Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

Page 1 of 2



To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

Auto Tort

Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death)

Asbestos (04) Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45) Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23) Premises Liability (e.g., slip

and fall) Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism) Intentional Infliction of **Emotional Distress**

Negligent Infliction of (3) **Emotional Distress** خل Other PI/PD/WD

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort Business Tort/Unfair Business

Practice (07) Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil harassment) (08) Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) ^(〜) (13) *(*張raud (16) Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)

Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

Employment

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06) Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) Negligent Breach of Contract/ Warranty Other Breach of Contract/Warranty Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Note/Collections Case Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation Other Coverage

Other Contract (37) Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14) Wronaful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential)

Judicial Review

Asset Forfeiture (05) Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11) Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39) Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41) **Enforcement of Judgment**

Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County) Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations) Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes

Other Enforcement of Judgment

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (nonharassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate Governance (21) Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

Election Contest Petition for Name Change Petition for Relief From Late

Other Civil Petition

Healthsmart Pacific, Inc. vs. Arthur Golia, et al.

CASE NUMBER

BC578484

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

| This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court. | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case: | | | | | | | |
| JURY TRIAL? YES CLASS ACTION? YES LIMITED CASE? YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 12-14 HOURS! DAYS | | | | | | | |
| Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4): | | | | | | | |
| Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A , the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected. | | | | | | | |
| Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. | | | | | | | |
| Step 3: In Column C , circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0. | | | | | | | |
| Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below) | | | | | | | |
| Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district. May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property damage). Location where cause of action arose. Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred. Location where performance required or defendant resides. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle. Location where petitioner resides. Location where in defendant/respondent functions wholly. Location where one or more of the parties reside. Location of Labor Commissioner Office | | | | | | | |

Step 4: Fill in the information requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

| A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No. | B Type of Action (Check only one) | C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above |
|---|---|--|
| Auto (22) | □ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death | 1., 2., 4. |
| Uninsured Motorist (46) | □ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist | 1., 2., 4. |
| Asbestos (04) | □ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage □ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death | 2. 2. |
| Product Liability (24) | ☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental) | 1., 2., 3., 4., 8. |
| Medical Malpractice (45) | □ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice | 1., 4. 1., 4. |
| Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23) | □ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) □ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress □ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death | 1., 4. 1., 4. 1., 3. 1., 4. |

Other-Personal Injūry/ Property / 다 단 Auto Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort Healthsmart Pacific, Inc. vs. Arthur Golia, et al.

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Employment

Contract

Unlawful-Detainer C / Real Property

| A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No. | B Type of Action (Check only one) | C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above |
|---|--|--|
| Business Tort (07) | ☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract) | 1., 3. |
| Civil Rights (08) | □ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination | 1., 2., 3. |
| Defamation (13) | □ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel) | 1., 2., 3. |
| Fraud (16) | ☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract) | 1., 2., 3. |
| Professional Negligence (25) | ☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice ☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) | 1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3. |
| Other (35) | ☑ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort | 2(3.) |
| Wrongful Termination (36) | ☐ A6037 Wrongful Termination | 1., 2., 3. |
| Other Employment (15) | □ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case □ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals | 1., 2., 3. 10. |
| Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance) | □ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence) | 2., 5. 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. |
| Collections (09) | □ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff □ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case | 2., 5., 6. 2., 5. |
| Insurance Coverage (18) | ☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex) | 1., 2., 5., 8. |
| Other Contract (37) | □ A6009 Contractual Fraud □ A6031 Tortious Interference □ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence) | 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8. |
| Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14) | □ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels 2. | |
| Wrongful Eviction (33) | □ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case | 2., 6. |
| Other Real Property (26) | □ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure □ A6032 Quiet Title □ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure) | 2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6. |
| Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31) | □ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction) | 2., 6. |
| Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32) | □ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction) | 2., 6. |
| Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34) | □ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure 2., 6. | |
| Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38) | □ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs 2., 6. | |

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Healthsmart Pacific, Inc. vs. Arthur Golia, et al.

CASE NUMBER

| | A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No. | B Type of Action (Check only one) | C Applicable Reasons - See Step 3 Above |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Asset Forfeiture (05) | □ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case | 2., 6. |
| Judicial Review | Petition re Arbitration (11) | □ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration | 2., 5. |
| | Writ of Mandate (02) | □ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus □ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter □ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review | 2., 8. 2. 2. |
| | Other Judicial Review (39) | □ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review | 2., 8. |
| Provisionally Complex Litigation | Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) | □ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation | 1., 2., 8. |
| | Construction Defect (10) | ☐ A6007 Construction Defect | 1., 2., 3. |
| | Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) | ☐ A6006 Claims Involving Mass Tort | 1., 2., 8. |
| ılly Co | Securities Litigation (28) | ☐ A6035 Securities Litigation Case | 1., 2., 8. |
| Provisiona | Toxic Tort Environmental (30) | ☐ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental | 1., 2., 3., 8. |
| | Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41) | ☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only) | 1., 2., 5., 8. |
| Enforcement of Judgment | Enforcement of Judgment (20) | □ A6141 Sister State Judgment □ A6160 Abstract of Judgment □ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations) □ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) □ A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax □ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case | 2., 9. 2., 6. 2., 9. 2., 8. 2., 8. 2., 8., 9. |
| , st | RICO (27) | ☐ A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case | 1., 2., 8. |
| ✓ iniscellaneous Civil Complaint Civil Complaint | Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42) | □ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only □ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment) □ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex) □ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex) | 1., 2., 8. 2., 8. 1., 2., 8. 1., 2., 8. |
| بسب | Partnership Corporation Governance (21) | ☐ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case | 2., 8. |
| ÇMişcellanĕous S Civil Petitions | Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43) | □ A6121 Civil Harassment □ A6123 Workplace Harassment □ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case □ A6190 Election Contest □ A6110 Petition for Change of Name □ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law □ A6100 Other Civil Petition | 2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2. 2., 7. 2., 3., 4., 8. 2., 9. |

| SHORT TITLE: Healthsmart Pacific, Inc. vs. Arthur Golia, et al. | CASE NUMBER |
|---|-------------|

Item III. Statement of Location: Enter the address of the accident, party's residence or place of business, performance, or other circumstance indicated in Item II., Step 3 on Page 1, as the proper reason for filing in the court location you selected.

| REASON: Check the appropriate boxes for the numbers shown under Column C for the type of action that you have selected for this case. | | | ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill Street | |
|---|--------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|
| CITY: | STATE: | ZIP CODE: | | |
| Los Angeles | CA | 90012 | | |
| Item IV. Declaration of Assignment. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct and that the above-entitled matter is properly filed for assignment to the Stanley Mosk courthouse in the Los Angeles District of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles [Code Civ. Proc. § 392 et seq., and Local | | | | |
| Rule 2.0, subds. (b), (c) and (d)]. Dated: April 13, 2015 | | | | |
| | _ | | (SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY/FILING PARTY) | |

PLEASE HAVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS COMPLETED AND READY TO BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY COMMENCE YOUR NEW COURT CASE:

- 1. Original Complaint or Petition.
- 2. If filing a Complaint, a completed Summons form for issuance by the Clerk.
- 3. Civil Case Cover Sheet, Judicial Council form CM-010.
- 4. Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location form, LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04 (Rev. 03/11).
- 5. Payment in full of the filing fee, unless fees have been waived.
- A signed order appointing the Guardian ad Litem, Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner is a minor under 18 years of age will be required by Court in order to issue a summons.
- 7. Additional copies of documents to be conformed by the Clerk. Copies of the cover sheet and this addendum must be served along with the summons and complaint, or other initiating pleading in the case.

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